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	PH DIC DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE		DT-4009	2006
09/903,896	07/12/2001	Ulrich Rosenbaum	D1-4009	
DAVID TOREN, ESQ. SIDLEY, AUSTIN, BROWN & WOOD, LLP 787 SEVENTH AVENUE NEW YORK, NY 10019-6018			EXAMINER	
			TOOMER, CEPHIA D	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1714	
			DATE MAILED: 12/18/2002	<sup>2</sup> 6

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

## Applicant(s) Application No. ROSENBAUM, ULRICH 09/903,896 Art Unit Office Action Summary Examiner 1714 Cephia D. Toomer -- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --**Period for Reply** A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). **Status** Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>03 October 2002</u>. 1) 2b)⊠ This action is non-final. This action is FINAL. 2a) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. 3) **Disposition of Claims** 4) Claim(s) 7-10 and 12 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 7-10 and 12 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. **Application Papers** 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on \_\_\_\_ is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). 11) The proposed drawing correction filed on \_\_\_\_ is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner. If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action. 12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120 13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some \* c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_\_. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). \* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application). a) $\square$ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.

1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)

2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)

Attachment(s)

4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s).

5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)

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## **DETAILED ACTION**

This Office action is in response to the amendment filed October 3, 2002 in which claims 1-6 and 11 were canceled, claim 7 was amended and claim 12 was added.

The rejection of the claims under 35 USC 112, second paragraph is withdrawn in view of Applicant canceling claims 1-6 and 11.

The rejections of the claims under 35 USC 102(b) as being anticipated and under 35 USC 103 (a) as being unpatentable are withdrawn in view of the cancellation of the claims.

It should be noted that in claim 7, "comprising" is misspelled.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 7-10 and 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over CN 1206039.

CN teaches a fuel gas comprising 0-98% dimethyl ether, 0-98 % propane or propylene, <30% butane and a deodorizer as required (see abstract in its entirety). CN teaches the limitations of the claims other than the difference that are discussed below.

In the first aspect, CN differs from the claims in that it does not specifically teach that all of the claimed components are present in the composition. However, because CN teaches that up to 98% of the components may be present in the composition, this

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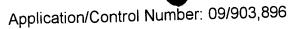
teaching suggests that the components may be present. Also, it is well settled that in the case where the claimed ranges overlap or lie inside ranges disclosed by the prior art a prima facie case of obviousness exists. In re Werthein, 191 USPQ 90 (CCPA 1976).

In the second aspect, CN differs from the claims in that it does not specifically teach that isobutane is used in the composition (claims 9 and 10). However, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to have used the gas because CN broadly teaches butane and this general teaching encompasses the isomers of n-butane, such as isobutane.

In the third aspect, CN differs from the claims in that it does not specifically teach the proportions of the deodorizer. However, no unobviousness is seen in this difference because CN teaches that the amount of deodorizer may be optimized to obtain a fuel gas wherein the odor of the combustible gases are masked.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Cephia D. Toomer whose telephone number is 703-308-2509. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Vasu Jagannathan can be reached on 703-306-2777. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-872-9310 for regular communications and 703-872-9311 for After Final communications.



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Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-0661.

Cephia D. Toomer Primary Examiner Art Unit 1714

09903896\6 December 12, 2002